

SUMMARY OF  
The St. Louis Republic  
Monday, July 24, 1905.

## THE WEATHER.

FORECAST.	A.M.
St. Louis and vicinity—Fair and moderate temperature, with variable winds, but fresh.	6-71
For Missouri—Fair to-day and to-morrow, with moderate temperature, but fresh breeze from northwest portion.	6-71
Yesterday's Conditions.	10-77
Forecast—Partly cloudy; afternoon, clear. Temperature—Maximum, 71; minimum, 51. Wind—Variable, with breeze from northwest in the afternoon, moderating in the evening. No precipitation. Barometer—29.95 at 7 a. m.; 29.96 at 1 p. m.; 29.97 at 7 p. m.; 29.98 at 11 p. m. Stage of the river—115 ft. at 7 a. m.	12-70
Sum. rain, 4.44; sun sets, 1.23. Moon rises, 11.55; last quarter, July 24; new moon, July 25; first quarter, August 7; last quarter, August 17.	1-60

Yesterday was cooler than Saturday by three degrees at the maximum, but 11 degrees being reached at 3 o'clock. The temperature was maintained until 3 o'clock, and then sank to 60 degrees, the mercury then sinking after 6 o'clock, to several degrees less.

The maximum velocity of the wind was ten miles per hour, this breeze dropping to five miles at 7 o'clock. At 5 o'clock last night a still further drop occurred. The humidity of the early morning almost disappeared late in the evening, the degree of humidity being but 51 at 7 o'clock in the evening.

This made the afternoon apparently cooler than the morning hours, and little inconvenience was experienced from the temperature.

**WANT ADS.**  
Page 10. Vessel Movements on Page 2.

## FEATURES OF TODAY'S NEWS.

1. Police Put "Lid" On In County. Delmar Cases Up To-day. To Probe Cotton Charges. Kaiser and Czar Meet. Daniel S. Lamont Dead. Grande Against Mosquitoes.
2. Nine Violations In City. Defend Stand on Capital Hill. To Give Away 1,000 Homesteads. Inquiry at Breese, Ill. To Enter Asks of Paul Jones.
3. Military Tribute to Veterans. Ban on Musical Cocktails.
4. Injuries May Prove Fatal.
5. Cloudburst in Dallas. Police May Be Found.
6. Coal Miners' Strike Planned.
7. Grand Market for Red Gum. Indian Babies to Get Land. Developments in Grain Scarc.

**WASHINGTON.**  
The Bureau of Forestry, after extensive experiments, finds that there is a profitable market for the hitherto despised red gum, which is found in Missouri, Arkansas and throughout the West. PAGE 12.

**EASTERN WAR.**  
Emperor Nicholas and Emperor William arranged for a meeting and conference at Helsinki, in the Gulf of Finland, where the coming peace conference is expected to be discussed. European diplomats are taken quite by surprise, all rumors of the meeting having been denied and arrangements perfected by the two Emperors directly. PAGE 1.

**LOCAL AND SUBURBAN.**  
Future of trading in Missouri may be decided to-day in cases of bookmakers, to be tried in the Clayton Court. PAGE 1.

Nine arrests were made in the city on charges of Sunday law violation. This is an increase over last week. PAGE 2.

John Allen of East St. Louis is in a critical condition from injuries sustained in an assault in a saloon. PAGE 3.

Buyers of lots in Oklahoma, at sites of new towns, are greatly pleased with their purchases. PAGE 1.

Thomas Lake, for thirty-four years enlisted in United States Army, was buried yesterday at Jefferson Barracks with military honors. PAGE 2.

Creve Coeur Yacht Club launches fast boat while hundreds cheer. PAGE 5.

Sixty St. Louis policemen invade St. Louis County by order of Governor Folk and arrest seventeen saloonkeepers for violating "lid" order. Report of police-men's visit frightens thirst quenchers at gardens and "lid" goes down. PAGE 1.

Carl Haffner is drowned in the river in full view of his friends. PAGE 5.

Candles in room at wake set fire to window curtains. PAGE 1.

Relatives of Herman Albers, whose coat and hat were found in river bank, thought he had ended his life. He was found, however, asleep in a hotel. PAGE 5.

Three persons were injured when a buggy collided with a tree on North Garrison avenue. PAGE 2.

**GENERAL DOMESTIC.**  
Equitable considers proposition to discontinue \$5,000 pension of Mrs. Henry H. Hyde. PAGE 6.

Complete authority has been given to Vice Admiral Godrich to investigate Bennington disaster. PAGE 6.

Chief Porter would divide 7,000,000 acres of land now held by intermarried whites among Indian babies. PAGE 12.

Railroads that have taken up industrial development of the South experience many difficult obstacles in getting immigrants to locate. PAGE 7.

Ashe of John Paul Jones will be returned to American soil today. PAGE 7.

Governor Dineen orders investigation of Sunday racing and liquor selling at Breese, Ill. PAGE 2.

The Grand Jury of the District of Columbia will begin an investigation of the cotton-report scandal to-day. PAGE 1.

New Orleans authorities decide that mosquitoes are responsible for the yellow fever and begin a crusade against the pest. PAGE 1.

Henry W. Savage will revert to old-fashioned comic opera and discard the pot-pourri productions of recent vogue. PAGE 7.

Daniel S. Lamont, Secretary of War under President Cleveland, died in New York after a brief illness. PAGE 1.

A cloudburst at Dallas floods 100 homes and causes suspension of street railway traffic in portion. PAGE 1.

Baron Komura, Mikado's peace envoy, says so-called "yellow peril" is creation of European imagination. PAGE 3.

**SPORT NEWS.**  
The New York Americans defeat the Bluebirds in a close game by a score of 1 to 2. PAGE 4.

Cornery's White Sox defeat the Commonwealth Merchants by a score of 12 to 2. PAGE 4.

POLICE ENFORCE SUNDAY  
CLOSING LAW IN COUNTY;  
SEVENTEEN ARRESTS MADE

Louis Obert, President of Brewery, and Four Bartenders Among Those Taken in Charge—Other Proprietors Accused of Selling Liquor—Saloon at Maplewood Open.

## NINE VIOLATIONS REPORTED IN CITY.

Acting under orders from Chief Kieley, given in pursuance of instructions from Governor Folk, the metropolitan police of St. Louis crossed the county line yesterday and were effective in their expressed determination to arrest all violators of the Sunday closing law. Where the "lid" was not down tight, the police screwed it down in most becoming style.

Among the seventeen persons arrested on the charge of selling liquors on Sunday was Louis Obert, a brewer, who, the police allege, was actually in charge of the bar at the Belmont Club, which had established temporary headquarters in a building the east end of which touched the line separating the county from the city.

The visit of the police to St. Louis County had its effect in the city, where nine arrests were made for violation of the Sunday closing law. This number was an increase over several previous Sundays.

Ignoring the order issued by the Governor that the saloons of the county must obey the law as is the case in the city of St. Louis, five saloonkeepers are alleged to have kept open their places of business. Another saloonkeeper who sold liquors and did a thriving business was N. A. Nahm, at Woodland avenue and Big Bend road, Maplewood.

The police met with difficulty in enforcing the law at but one place, Ramona Park, where a picnic was in progress. Here Sergeant Hanlon and Patrolmen Lavin and O'Neill encountered a crowd of five or six hundred persons. They made it clear that they would take the two men arrested at any cost, and they were unmolested, though it looked ugly for awhile.

All the men arrested were taken before Justice of the Peace Jacob in Kirkwood, and that little town saw more bluecoats there than at any other time in its history. Bond for \$200 was given by each of the men arrested. The cases were set for Wednesday morning at 8 o'clock.

The State was represented by Assistant Prosecuting Attorney Kieckadoff. After conference with Prosecuting Attorney Johnston, he will decide as to whether he will file information in Justice Jacob's court or the St. Louis County Circuit Court.

**ARRESTS IN COUNTY FOR ALLEGED SUNDAY VIOLATION.**  
Louis Obert, brewer, president of the St. Louis County Association, West End Heights Amusement Company, No. 261 South Twelfth street.  
Charles Lathen, No. 182 Bacon street.  
Matt Heister, No. 87 Chautau street.  
Tony Pestalozze, No. 35 South Broadway.  
Charles W. Schell, No. 329 North East street.  
Carr Nieringhaus, Brentwood.  
Julius Goss, Ramona Park.  
R. J. Campbell, Ramona Park.  
Eugene Guerin, Normandy.  
John Brown, Normandy.  
John A. Beck, Normandy.  
Gus Zedler, No. 665 Delmar avenue.  
Philip Gleason, No. 696 Delmar avenue.  
Gus Spelman, No. 695 Delmar avenue.  
J. B. Mueller, No. 620 Olive street.  
Henry Buck, No. 620 Olive street.  
Harmonie Regall, Evergreen and Cass avenues.  
Case against Mosquitoes.

The activity of sixty metropolitan police who invaded St. Louis County yesterday by order of Governor Folk, and the arrest of seventeen saloonkeepers who were caught selling liquor, effectively enforced the Sunday closing law. The first arrests were made shortly after 2 o'clock in the afternoon, when a detail of police took into custody Gus Zedler, Philip Gleason and Gus Spelman, bartenders in the saloon of Mark Gumpertz, at Delmar avenue and the Suburban tracks.

The St. Louis police invaded the county shortly before 2 o'clock, and less than a half hour afterward several arrests were made. It was easily one of the most exciting afternoons in the history of St. Louis County. On each corner men, women and children gathered to watch the work of the St. Louis patrolmen.

The second arrest took place when the squad of police under Sergeant Forester of the Mounted District raided an ingenuously saloon in a garden which is partly in the county and partly in the city. In this raid Louis Obert, president of the Obert Brewing Company and also president of the West End Heights Amusement Company, living at No. 261 South Twelfth street, was arrested with his four bartenders.

When the police under Sergeant Hanlon arrested K. J. Campbell and his bar-tender, Julius Goss, at Ramona Park, it appeared for a while as if the two prisoners would be taken only after severe trouble. A picnic had been in progress throughout the afternoon, and the police, apparently under the influence of liquor, urged Goss and Campbell to resist arrest.

After Sergeant Hanlon had declared that any interference on the part of the bystanders would likely result in disaster, the prisoners were taken to a street car and sent to Kirkwood, where all those arrested were taken.

**MANY ARRESTS MADE BY CITY POLICE.**  
Others who were arrested are Gus Zedler, Philip Gleason, Gus Mueller, Charles Lathen, No. 182 Bacon street; Matt Heister, No. 87 Chautau street; Tony Pestalozze, No. 35 South Broadway; and Charles W. Schell, No. 329 North East street, bartenders at the Belmont Club, just adjoining West End Heights. Carr Nieringhaus, bartender in the saloon of E. J. Nieringhaus, Brentwood; Eugene Guerin, Normandy Park, and his bartenders, John Brown, Normandy Park; John A. Beck, No. 665 Olive street, and his bartender, Henry Buck, and Harmonie Regall of Evergreen and Ridge avenues.

The saloon owned by F. J. Nieringhaus at Brentwood allowed thirty patrons to enter via the rear door. The front door was closed and locked, and the saloon appeared to be heading the "lid" order. When the police attempted to enter the place, it is said, patrons closed the door and placed chairs against it. The patrolmen were compelled to force an entrance. The resistance, however, was made good-naturedly, and no trouble occurred. Captain McNamee of the Mounted District was in charge of the patrolmen, and he was continually advising officers to be men by telephone. Chief Kieley made a round of the district, but their attention to duty was such that he could only compliment them and return to his office.

The police, in taking their prisoners, usually boarded street cars with their

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DANIEL S. LAMONT  
DIES IN NEW YORK

Secretary of War Under President Cleveland III Only Short While.

## SKETCH OF NOTED AMERICAN.

Served as Private Secretary During Cleveland's First Term and Secretary of War in Second.

Poughkeepsie, N. Y., July 23.—Colonel Daniel Scott Lamont, Secretary of War during the second administration of President Cleveland, died suddenly at his home at Millbrook, Dutchess County, to-night at 5:15 o'clock.

Heart failure was the cause of death, Colonel and Mrs. Lamont were out driving this afternoon, and Colonel Lamont appeared to be enjoying the best of health.

After dinner he complained of feeling ill, and Doctor Stewart of New York, who is a guest at the house, immediately went to his aid. The physician diagnosed the case as an attack of heart failure, and in spite of heroic treatment Mr. Lamont passed away within half an hour.

At his death were Mrs. Lamont and two daughters, Frances and Beale. Several guests at the Lamont home were also present when the end came.

Daniel Scott Lamont was of Scotch-Irish ancestry. He was born at McGrawville, Cortland County, N. Y., on February 9, 1851. He was brought up on a farm. His father was a well-to-do farmer and sent him to the Cortland Normal College.

Young Lamont entered Union College at Schenectady, N. Y., but did not graduate there. He left college in the middle of his course to enter journalism. With funds advanced to him by his father, he acquired an interest in the Democrat, a country weekly published at Cortland, which was the county seat.

Mr. Lamont early in life manifested a strong interest in politics and an unusual facility for public affairs. His activities in local politics led, in 1870, to his appointment as engineering clerk to the State Assembly in Albany.

His efficient service and his grasp of public affairs won him steady promotion. He became the following year a junior deputy clerk of the Assembly, and in this capacity he won the friendship and regard of many public men.

He was for a time chief clerk in the office of the Secretary of State, with John Bigelow. Then he was connected with the staff of the Albany Argus. When Grover Cleveland became Governor of New York, the after the friendship and regard of many public men.

On account of Mr. Lamont's acquaintance with the many details of the government of the State, Mr. Cleveland found his services valuable. He made Mr. Lamont his private secretary, in which capacity Mr. Lamont served during all the period that Mr. Cleveland was in Albany.

When Mr. Cleveland was elected President of the United States Mr. Lamont went with him to Washington as his private secretary. In this capacity Mr. Lamont attracted much attention by his good judgment and ability.

Since Mr. Cleveland's retirement from office Mr. Lamont has been in New York City, where he lived until Mr. Cleveland was re-elected, when he returned to Washington as Secretary of War, a position which he held during the entire period of Mr. Cleveland's second administration.

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Mr. Lamont married Miss Kinney of his native town. He had two daughters. When Mr. Cleveland was elected President of the United States he proposed that Mr. Lamont accompany him to Washington as his private secretary, and when Mr. Lamont expressed some doubt as to whether he could go, the newly elected chief executive exclaimed:

"Well, Dan, if you don't go, I won't; that's all there is to it."

The late Samuel J. Tilden always declared that he discovered Daniel S. Lamont and recognized his ability for public affairs.

The confidence which Mr. Tilden had in the keenness and executive ability of Mr. Lamont had much to do with Mr. Cleveland's selection of him as his private secretary. The attachment between the two men grew as the years passed, and Mr. Lamont came to stand in the relation of *filius Achillis* to his chief. They worked side by side, and no task was too difficult or too prolonged to dull the enthusiasm of the indefatigable secretary.

**ST. LOUIS ENJOYS COOL SUMMER-RESORT WEATHER.**  
St. Louis, New York and Duquesne, Pa., were the coolest cities in the United States yesterday.

St. Louis has enjoyed summer-weather and cool mountain temperatures the entire season, with the exception of a few days, all told.

The following are the official maximum temperatures in some of the larger cities yesterday:

Dubuque	60
St. Louis	55
New York	55
Chicago	54
St. Paul	54
Charlotte, N. C.	50
New Orleans	50
Nashville	50
Salt Lake	50
Indianapolis	50
Galveston	50
El Paso	50
Cincinnati	50
Columbus, O.	50
Buffalo	50
Philadelphia	50
Pittsburg	50

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CZAR MEETS THE KAISER  
ON EVE OF PEACE MEETING;  
DIPLOMATS ARE ASTONISHED

Meeting Between the Two Emperors at Helsinki, Finland, Was Arranged by Them Directly, and, Supposedly, at the Kaiser's Request—Believed to Indicate That Germany's Moral Support Will Be Back of Russia in the Negotiations Soon to Open at Washington.

## NICHOLAS ACCOMPANIED BY HIGH OFFICIALS OF THE REALM.

## REPORTS JAPANESE TORPEDO BOATS LANDED PARTY NEAR VLADIVOSTOK

St. Petersburg, July 23.—The correspondent of the Novoye Vremya with the Russian Eleventh Army Corps says that Japanese torpedo boats, during a thick mist and rain, approached several bays near Vladivostok and that they sent a landing party ashore in the Gulf of Gashkevitch, near Posselt Bay.

## RUSSIAN REPORTED OCCUPIED.

London, July 23.—The correspondent of the Daily Telegraph at Tokio forwards a dispatch from the Japanese correspondent of that paper at Moji, Japan, telling of a daring reconnaissance of a Japanese squadron in Posselt Bay on July 14. Three days later the Japanese vessels occupied Russianin, where there is a vast and splendid harbor. Some of the vessels, the correspondent says, ran right inside Posselt Bay, which is of great strategic value.

St. Petersburg, July 23.—On the eve of the peace conference and with a suddenness already disconcerting to diplomatic and court circles, the Emperor Niko-lai to-day, on board the Imperial yacht Polar Star, for a conference with Emperor William, who is cruising on the Hohenzollern in Finnish waters.

The first interview of the sovereigns is expected to take place this evening off the Finnish port of Borgo, at the mouth of the Gulf of Finland, near Helsinki.

This will be followed by another interview to-morrow, after which Emperor Nicholas will return to St. Petersburg and Emperor William will continue his cruise.

**CZAR ACCOMPANIED BY RELATIVES AND OFFICIALS.**  
The Czar is accompanied by his brother, Grand Duke Michael Alexandrovich, and a considerable suite, including Count Benckendorff, Marshal of the court; General Baron W. Fiedorovich, and of the Imperial house, Count Heyden, Chief of the Imperial Chancellery; Admiral Birloff, Minister of Marine; Captain von Essen, who commanded the battleship Sebastopol during the siege of Port Arthur; Captain Chagin, who commanded the Almaz, the only cruiser of Admiral Rozhkovsky's fleet to reach Vladivostok after the battle of the Sea of Japan; Captain Hinton, naval attaché of the German Embassy, also a party of courtiers and the Emperor's escort of sailors and marines with a guard commanded by Admiral Nevel.

**MEETING ARRANGED BETWEEN RUSSIAN AND JAPANESE.**  
It is noticeable that there is no representative of the Russian Foreign office among the Emperor's entourage, nor is the German Ambassador, Count Alvensleben, on board the Polar Star. This gives color to the report that the meeting was arranged between the two Emperors directly without recourse to the usual diplomatic channels. Emperor William sur-gesting the rendezvous by telegram from Hirtensand, Sweden.

The idea, the report says, met with the Emperor's favor, but the final arrangements were only completed yesterday, and some members of the Imperial family were hastily commandeered last night to accompany the sovereigns.

**DIPLOMATS ARE COMPLETELY SURPRISED BY INCIDENT.**  
Many diplomats were taken completely by surprise by the news of to-day, the rumors that a meeting was contemplated which were current since Friday having been dismissed as idle talk.

Emperor William's action was instantly connected with the Moroccan question and admiration for his political astuteness in utilizing his opportunities was expressed on all sides.

Like the last meeting between Emperor Nicholas and Emperor William, at a hunting seat in Russian Poland, where the European and Eastern situations were discussed between the strokes of a game of billiards and Russia was assured that she need have no anxiety regarding her western frontier while engaged with the Japanese, the conference in the case of the Hohenzollern and the Polar Star will be entirely informal and probably without secretaries or other witnesses, unless perhaps Grand Duke Michael Alexandrovich should be a participant.

**UNDoubtedly WILL DISCUSS COMING PEACE CONFERENCE.**  
There is no set program of subjects for discussion, aside from a general consideration of the factors in the present situation affecting the two empires, but it can be stated that the coming meeting of the Russo-Japanese plenipotentiaries will occupy a place in the foreground.

The action of Emperor William in seeking a conference at this moment is generally interpreted as an assurance of his moral support of Russia in the coming negotiations at Washington and Portsmouth, and to show that German participation in the recent Japanese loan was not a mark of the alienation of German sympathies from Russia.

Emperor William, whose keen interest in the lessons of the Russo-Japanese War is well known, has also taken advantage of the occasion to discuss the details with eyewitnesses and the presence of the naval officers who distinguished themselves in the far East is by his special request.

**NEWSPAPERS OF LONDON NOTE WITH INQUIETUDE CZAR'S NEW RESOLUTION.**  
London, July 23.—The London newspapers this morning note with inquietude the sudden resolve of Emperor Nicholas to visit Emperor William and all kinds of speculation are indulged in as to the possible motives for and the results of such a momentous interview at a time when so many difficult problems are facing European diplomacy.

The Moroccan and Scandinavian questions are regarded as possible subjects for discussion, and it is also supposed that the reactionary party in Russia may have succeeded in persuading the Emperor of the impolicy of permitting Mr. Witte to con-

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GRAND JURY WILL  
BEGIN INQUIRY OF  
COTTON LEAK TO-DAY

Department of Justice Takes Steps to Go to the Bottom of Government Crop Report Scandal.

## WILSON'S ACTIONS TOO SLOW.

Holmes Is Absent From Washington for Second Time Since He Has Been Under Fire.

## INVESTIGATE NEW YORK END.

Federal Body in That City May Meet at Same Time and Work in Conjunction with District Attorney Beach.

## REPUBLICAN SPECIAL.

Washington, July 23.—Having completed his preliminary investigation into the "leak" of cotton-report reports from the Bureau of Statistics of the Department of Agriculture, United States District Attorney Morgan H. Beach has called to-day the Federal Grand Jury of the District of Columbia, and it will begin its sittings to-morrow.

This step was deemed necessary by Mr. Beach, and has been approved by Attorney General Moody and Solicitor General Hoyt. It would seem that witnesses employed in the Department of Agriculture might be overawed and intimidated by withholding information for fear they would be dismissed from their positions.

In the second place, it is believed that in no other way would it be possible to get at the exact truth. In the third place, Mr. Beach believed that he had proceeded so far that the case was in proper shape to be laid before the Grand Jury.

**SUBPOENAS ISSUED FOR NEW YORK WITNESSES.**  
Subpoenas were issued for the New York witnesses last Thursday and placed in the hands of United States District Attorney Burnett of New York. Several persons in New York have been subpoenaed.

A great many witnesses living in Washington will be subpoenaed. Secretary Wilson himself may be asked to go before the Grand Jury. Every employee of the Bureau of Statistics is liable to be subpoenaed and, testifying under compulsion, they will be free from reprisals by the department if they tell the whole truth and disclose everything they know touching the cotton "leak."

Other officials of the department will be subpoenaed, and it is not improbable that there will be a rather complete turnover of the entire department before the Grand Jury is convinced that it is in possession of everything it ought to know.

**OTHER BUREAU MAY BE INCLUDED IN INVESTIGATION.**  
It is said to-night that while the inquiry was primarily directed toward discovering the criminality of those who were engaged in selling Government reports and in juggling Government figures for their personal profit, it was altogether probable that the investigation would have to go pretty extensively into other divisions and bureaus even if only for the purpose of ascertaining that Edwin S. Holmes Jr. was the only guilty party.

Mr. Beach to-night issued the following card to the press:

"The Grand Jury of the District of Columbia, in pursuance of a call issued by the District Attorney on the 23rd inst., at 11 o'clock a. m., to consider, among other things, certain criminal practices alleged to exist and to have existed in one of the executive departments, TO ANSWER NO INQUIRIES.

**UNTIL GRAND JURY REPORTS.**  
Pending action by that body, it is earnestly hoped, it is confidently believed that no inquiries will be made of the District Attorney's office upon the subject.

"To inquire of a member of the Grand Jury, or of a witness, either under subpoena or after discharge, as to anything transpiring before that body, constitutes contempt."

This general statement is made to excuse the District Attorney from personal interviews. No further statement will be made until the Grand Jury concludes its deliberations and reports in open court.

There may be much or little, or even nothing, to report, but while the investigation is pending it must, as the law commands, be strictly confidential.

The administration is naturally interested to learn that the investigation is likely to include the arrest of more persons than Mr. Holmes and individuals of greater importance than Mr. Holmes.

**HOLMES AGAIN ABSENT.**  
Edwin S. Holmes Jr. is again absent from Washington. He departed on Friday last, and this is the second time he has gone away while under fire.

Some odd things have been discovered about the liberality of John Hyde, former Chief Statistician. Mr. Hyde had in his office one who is called as a "very clever person." It was learned that Mr. Hyde had loaned her a large amount of money.

In passing, it should be noted that Mr. Hyde's salary has been \$2,000 a year. The employee needs more money and borrowed more from Holmes on a note which was endorsed by Hyde.

It is probable that District Attorney Burnett of New York will be asked to convene the Federal Grand Jury for the Southern District of New York in order to make an investigation of that end of the cotton scandal, which belongs exclusively to Southern Department.

**SEEK JUSTICE DEPARTMENT.**  
The Department of Justice takes the ground that there has been too much trifling with this case already. For more than a month agents of the Secret Service were working on the case under instructions from Secretary Wilson, which show a strange state of complacency on the part of the head of the Agricultural Department.

The evidence that Secretary Wilson sought to hush the scandal up before any other persons in his department were involved is growing clearer each day.

When Secretary Wilson gave Mr. Walsh of the Secret Service his orders, he told him that he was not necessarily looking

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